1	THE HONORABLE CHRISTOPHER M. ALSTON
2	Chapter 11 Date: May 20, 2016
3	Time: 9:30 a.m. Response Date: May 13, 2016
4	Location: Courtroom 7206
5	
6	
7	
8	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
9	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE
10	In Re) No. 16-11767-CMA
11) NORTHWEST TERRITORIAL MINT,) Chapter 11
12	LLC,)) LANDLORD'S EMERGENCY
13	Debtor.) MOTION TO COMPEL IMMEDIATE) AND ONGOING COMPLIANCE
14	 WITH LEASE AGREEMENT, AND FOR ADEQUATE PROTECTION AND ASSURANCES
15) AND ASSURANCES
16	Gatewood-California, LLC ("Landlord"), moves the Court for an order (i) compelling
17	Chapter 11 Trustee Mark Calvert's ("Trustee") immediate and ongoing payment of all post-
18	petition obligations due under Landlord's lease agreement pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3);
19	(ii) granting adequate protection to Landlord in the form of superpriority status and certain
20	insurance coverage pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 363(e); and (iii) granting adequate assurances to
21	Landlord in the form of escrow deposits and expedited relief from stay upon further default,
22	pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 365(b)(1). This Motion is supported by the Declaration of George
23	Humphrey ("Humphrey Decl.") and exhibits attached thereto.
24	I. <u>BACKGROUND</u>
25 26	Landlord, a Washington LLC, owns a single asset: commercial real property located
26	in Auburn, Washington (the " <u>Property</u> "). Humphrey Decl. ¶ 3. Northwest Territorial Mint, EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE
	EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 1 D. BOX 91302 SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107
	120144.0009/6659270.1
c	ase 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 1 of 11

LLC ("<u>Debtor</u>") is the current tenant of the Property under the Commercial Lease dated November 2, 2006, as amended September 11, 2014. Humphrey Decl. ¶¶ 4-6, Ex. A-B (collectively, the "<u>Lease Agreement</u>"). Debtor engages in minting, engraving, and other manufacturing type operations at the Property, and Trustee currently is continuing to operate Debtor's business in this manner. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 7. The Lease Agreement expires on July 31, 2019. Humphrey Decl., Ex. B. Under the terms of the Lease Agreement, Debtor's obligations include:

8 Rent, Taxes, Other Expenses, Late Charges, and Attorney's Fees. Debtor is required to pay rent in advance on the first day of the calendar month. Lease Agreement, § 5. Debtor 9 is further required to pay its proportionate share of all real property taxes and assessments 10 11 upon notice from Landlord, along with specified costs associated with its use of the Property. 12 Lease Agreement, §§ 7.3.2, 7.3.3. If Debtor fails to pay any of those amounts within five 13 days after they come due, a late charge is applied, calculated as five percent of Debtor's monthly rent plus one and one-half percent interest on the delinquency from the date owing 14 until payment. Lease Agreement, § 15.1. Debtor is also required to pay Landlord's 15 attorney's fees and costs if Landlord is the substantially prevailing party in any action or 16 proceeding arising out of or in connection with the Lease Agreement. Lease Agreement, § 17 21.14. 18

Insurance. Debtor is required to obtain and maintain certain insurance policies at 19 20 Debtor's own expense, including a commercial general liability insurance policy with certain minimum combined limits. Lease Agreement, § 7.2.2. The Lease Agreement contains 21 22 further provisions granting Landlord broad discretion to modify the insurance coverage 23 requirements, especially for the purpose of protecting Landlord against Debtor's potential noncompliance with governmental rules and regulations. See Lease Agreement, §§ 4.2, 24 7.2.2, 7.3.3, 16.1, 26. Prior to Debtor's bankruptcy filing, the Washington Court of Appeals, 25 26 Division I affirmed a trial court judgment awarding \$869,746.53 to one of Debtor's landlords

EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 2

LANE POWELL PC 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 4200 P.O. BOX 91302 SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107

120144.0009/6659270.1

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

Case 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 2 of 11

at a location other than the Property ("Auburn") for remedial action costs under the Model 1 Toxics Control Act, RCW 70.105D et seq., and damages for Debtor's breach of that lease's 2 hazardous waste provisions, plus \$1,582,046.61 in costs and attorney fees. See Humphrey 3 Decl. ¶ 8, Ex. C (the "MTCA Judgment"). The facts underlying the MTCA Judgment 4 indicate that Debtor's ordinary course of business, substantially similar to the operations 5 Debtor continues to perform at the Property, caused serious and costly environmental issues 6 7 that plagued the Auburn landlord long after Debtor vacated that property. Id. The insurer of 8 the Auburn property failed to cover the issues underlying the MTCA Judgment, and that insurer is the same insurer Debtor has procured for the Property. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 9. 9 Landlord was unaware of these facts until after Debtor's bankruptcy filing, and based on its 10 recent investigation, Landlord is now requiring adjustments to the insurance protection 11 12 required under the Lease Agreement to include, among other things, any post-petition 13 environmental damage arising from Trustee's ongoing operation of Debtor's business at the Property. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 10. Although the Lease Agreement also contains 14 indemnification provisions covering similar actions of Debtor, given that Debtor is now in 15 bankruptcy, such indemnification provisions provide no protection to Landlord. Lease 16 Agreement, §§ 10.1, 26. 17

The Property is secured by a deed of trust (the "DOT"). Humphrey Decl. ¶ 11. 18 Landlord's managing member, George Humphrey ("Humphrey"), personally guaranteed 19 Landlord's obligations under the DOT. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 12. If Trustee does not fully 20 perform Debtor's obligations under the Lease Agreement, Landlord will either default under 21 the DOT, or Humphrey, as guarantor, will be forced to individually cover the mortgage out 22 23 of his own pocket to avoid Landlord's default because Debtor's rent obligation constitutes the only source of income for Landlord, which is a single asset LLC. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 13. 24 Debtor filed its voluntary Chapter 11 bankruptcy petition on April 1, 2016 (the 25 "Petition Date"), and Trustee was appointed by Court order on April 11, 2016. ECF No. 1, 26

EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 3

LANE POWELL PC 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 4200 P.O. BOX 91302 SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107

120144.0009/6659270.1

Case 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 3 of 11

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

51. Prior to the Petition Date, Debtor was current regarding its obligations under the Lease Agreement, except as regards insurance, which has been identified as in default. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 14. Post-petition, however, Debtor and Trustee have failed to timely pay rent, taxes, and common area expenses as each has come due. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 15. Specifically, Debtor owes \$7,388.70 for rent that came due on April 1, 2016 (and the first of each month thereafter, subject to any adjustments as set forth in the Lease Agreement), \$4,508.55 for taxes that came due on April 1, 2016, and <u>\$1,631.69</u> for the other remaining monthly expenses that came due on April 1, 2016. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 16, Ex. D.

9 Although Debtor and Trustee have promised to pay the April 2016 rent on multiple occasions, and later missed multiple dates when they indicate they would do so, as of the date 10 of the filing of this declaration, no rent has been received, and Debtor's insurance coverage 11 12 remains deficient. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 17. As of April 27, 2016, late charges and interest 13 associated with the delinquent amounts total **\$879.38**; therefore, the total amount due for April 2016, including late fees and charges, is <u>\$14,408.32</u>. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 19, Ex. D. 14 Furthermore, Debtor has failed to obtain commercial general liability insurance sufficient to 15 cover potential liabilities of Debtor, including environmental liabilities, and to provide proof 16 that Landlord has been specifically named as a named insured, and, as noted above, is 17 18 required to obtain the additional insurance as set forth in the invoice attached to the Humphrey Decl. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 20, Ex. E. Failure to timely pay or perform any of the 19 foregoing payment or performance obligations constitutes an event of default under the Lease 20 Agreement. See Lease Agreement, § 15.¹ 21

- 22
- 23

¹ It is also troubling that Landlord never received any official notice of Debtor's bankruptcy filing; Landlord 24 gained knowledge of Debtor's bankruptcy from a third party, and Landlord is still not listed in Debtor's mailing matrix. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 17. Furthermore, since discovering Debtor's bankruptcy filing, Landlord has 25 brought Debtor's deficiencies under the Lease Agreement to the attention of both Debtor and Trustee. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 18. Landlord has now been forced to incur attorney's fees and costs in bringing this motion 26

due to Debtor and Trustee's continued failure to comply with the Lease Agreement. Humphrey Decl. ¶ 18. EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 4

LANE POWELL PC 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 4200 P.O. BOX 91302 SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107

120144.0009/6659270.1

Case 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 4 of 11

II. <u>LEGAL ANALYSIS</u>

A. <u>Landlord is Entitled to Immediate and Ongoing Payment of Obligations Arising</u> <u>Under the Lease Agreement.</u>

The Bankruptcy Code requires a trustee to timely perform all post-petition obligations of the debtor arising under "any unexpired lease of nonresidential real property, until such lease is assumed or rejected, notwithstanding section 503(b)(1)." 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3). If a trustee establishes sufficient cause, the court may extend the time for performing such obligations no more than sixty days after the date of the order for relief. *Id.* Both the express language of 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3) and its legislative history make it clear that a commercial landlord must be fully paid during the first sixty (60) days of the case while the trustee preserves the right to assume or reject the lease. *In re MS Freight Distribution, Inc.*, 172 B.R. 976, 979 (Bankr. W.D. Wash. 1994).

On that basis, compliance with 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3) requires the trustee to pay not only rent, but also any other amounts due under the applicable lease, as well as perform all other post-petition obligations. *See id.* ("To the extent the Lease at issue here requires the payment of interest, late fees and attorney's fees and costs, [the landlord] may recover those amounts."); *see also In re Ernst Home Ctr., Inc.*, 209 B.R. 955, 961 (Bankr. W.D. Wash. 1997) ("[P]ursuant to Section 365(d)(3), all obligations of the debtor under a lease, including rent, interest, late fees, and other obligations, must be paid as they become due under the terms of the lease."). Furthermore, the court may order immediate payment of a landlord's claim unless the trustee can prove there are insufficient funds in the estate to avoid jeopardizing full payment to all current and future administrative expense claimants.² *MS Freight*, 172 B.R. at 979 (citing *In re Orvco*, 95 B.R. 724, 728 (9th Cir. BAP 1989)).

24

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

In this case, the financial obligations owing under the Lease Agreement, including

the Property. EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE

WITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 5

LANE POWELL PC 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 4200 P.O. BOX 91302 SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107

120144.0009/6659270.1

Case 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 5 of 11

 ² If Trustee can show that Debtor's estate is in jeopardy of becoming administratively insolvent, such that there are insufficient funds to pay Debtor's ongoing post-petition rent obligations, Trustee should immediately reject the Lease Agreement, thus avoiding further hardship to Landlord and Humphrey and allowing Landlord to relet

rent, taxes, related expenses, late charges, and attorney's fees, have all accrued post-petition, and Trustee has not assumed or rejected the Lease Agreement. Furthermore, nothing in the record indicates that this case is in jeopardy of becoming administratively insolvent. Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3) and the Lease Agreement, Landlord is entitled to immediate payment of all past-due obligations, as well as timely ongoing payments and performance of such obligations, unless and until Trustee assumes or rejects the Lease Agreement.

8

B.

Landlord is Entitled to Adequate Protection.

11 U.S.C. § 363(e) provides real property lessors the right to seek adequate 9 protection. Ernst, 209 B.R. at 965-966 ("The right to receive timely payments under Section 10 11 365(d)(3) would certainly be a hollow right if the debtor had no possibility of ever making 12 those payments and the landlord was required to wait until the debtor's default before it 13 could enforce that right."). The trustee bears the burden of proof on the issue of adequate protection. 11 U.S.C. § 363(p). In assessing a landlord's request for adequate protection, the 14 court must determine whether the landlord's interests are protected as nearly as possible 15 against the possible risks to that interest. *Ernst*, 209 B.R. at 966. Furthermore, by seeking 16 adequate protection at the outset of the case, a landlord may be entitled to superpriority 17 18 treatment under 11 U.S.C. 507(b) if adequate protection as ordered by the Court subsequently turns out to be inadequate. MS Freight, 172 B.R. at 980. 19

In this case, the following adequate protection, in addition to the timely payment of all obligations due under the Agreement Lease, is appropriate and necessary to protect Landlord's interests: either (i) proof of insurance policies in compliance with the Lease Agreements terms, including an owner policy issued a in Landlord's name, rather than as an additional insured, that protects Landlord in the event of hazards or contamination, or (ii) assurances from Debtor's insurance carrier that the Property is covered in the event of contamination, and from Trustee that Landlord has exclusive priority rights to all funds

EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 6 LANE POWELL PC 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 4200 P.O. BOX 91302 SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107

120144.0009/6659270.1

Case 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 6 of 11

recovered and Trustee/Debtor will take any and all steps to ensure Landlord can recover on a claim, notwithstanding any later rejection of the Lease Agreement.³ Commercial general 2 liability policy is expressly required under § 7.2.2(a) of the Lease Agreement and is subject 3 to adjustment by Landlord based upon circumstances as they evolve. The environmental 4 claims policy is necessary to adequately protect Landlord in light of the MTCA Judgment 5 and the failure of the Auburn insurer (the same insurer for the Property) to cover that 6 7 judgment.

8 In *Ernst*, the court determined that similar requests for adequate protection were 9 unnecessary because the debtor was current on payments to its landlords and the estate held sufficient funds to pay its obligations as they became due under its leases. Id. at 967. 10 Conversely, in this case, Debtor is already delinquent on its post-petition obligations under 11 12 the Lease Agreement, despite the plain mandate of 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3) and Landlord has 13 already incurred significant time and expense in pursuing Trustee's performance of such obligations including rent. 14

Landlord is providing Debtor a great benefit through its continued use of the Property 15 in the ordinary course of business given that the Property houses one of the key 16 manufacturing locations central to Debtor's operations; in exchange, Trustee must be 17 required to obtain the necessary insurance coverage to ensure that Landlord is adequately 18 protected. Landlord should not bear the risk of nonpayment on post-petition amounts that are 19 benefitting Debtor's estate and other creditors, and, in light of the MTCA Judgment, should 20 not bear the risk of exposure to environmental claims that could arise out of Debtor's post-21 petition use of the Property. 22

23

24

1

Even with the necessary insurance coverage in place, Landlord and Humphrey would

EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 7

420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 4200 P.O. BOX 91302 SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107

120144.0009/6659270.1

Case 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 7 of 11

³ Beyond the need to ensure Landlord's right to make a direct claim, or Landlord's priority rights to recover on a claim, the current insurance coverage is deficient insofar as it includes the following exclusion: 25

Alienated Premises: (2) Premises you sell, give away or abandon, if the "property damage" arises out of any part of those premises and occurred from hazards known by you, or should reasonably have been known 26 by you, at the time the property was transferred or abandoned. Humphrey Decl. Ex. E. LANE POWELL PC

remain susceptible to further harm if Trustee's failure to comply with 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3) 1 goes uncured. Trustee's failure to perform under the Lease Agreement will effectively result 2 in Humphrey funding Landlord's mortgage payments out-of-pocket, rendering him an 3 involuntary lender to and creditor of Debtor. In the event that 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3) and the 4 necessary insurance coverage prove inadequate to protect Landlord's interests, Landlord and 5 Humphrey should be granted superpriority treatment under 11 U.S.C. § 507(b) to the extent 6 they are required to bear the burden of Trustee's failure to perform Debtor's obligations 7 under the Lease Agreement. 8

9

C. Landlord is Entitled to Adequate Assurances.

Trustee is required to perform Debtor's ongoing obligations under the Lease 10 Agreement until the Lease Agreement is assumed or rejected. 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3). If 11 Trustee were to assume the Lease Agreement, Trustee would then be required to cure any 12 13 existing delinquencies and provide adequate assurance of future performance. 11 U.S.C. § 365(b)(1); see also In re Diamond Head Emporium, Inc., 69 B.R. 487, 495 (Bankr. D. Haw. 14 1987) ("upon assuming the lease, Debtor becomes liable on the entire lease as if bankruptcy 15 had not intervened."). "Adequate assurance of future performance are not words of art, but 16 are to be given practical, pragmatic construction. What constitutes 'adequate assurance' is to 17 be determined by factual conditions." In re U. L. Radio Corp., 19 B.R. 537, 542 (Bankr. 18 S.D.N.Y. 1982). Furthermore, a lessor cannot be required to continue to provide services to 19 20 a debtor if the lease is in default and payments are not being made. 11 U.S.C. § 365(b)(4).

In this case, such adequate assurance from Trustee is appropriate in two forms: (i) depositing sufficient funds in escrow to cover Debtor's current and future obligations under the Lease Agreement for up to 120 days after the Petition Date, and (ii) permitting Landlord to seek relief from stay on five days' notice upon any future default under the Lease Agreement. Both of those adequate assurance conditions will ensure that Landlord and Humphrey suffer minimal additional harm while Trustee decides whether to assume or reject

EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 8

LANE POWELL PC 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 4200 P.O. BOX 91302 SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107

120144.0009/6659270.1

Case 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 8 of 11

5

6

the Lease Agreement.

In determining whether a debtor has provided adequate assurance, courts consider the following factors: (1) evidence of the debtor's profitability, (2) the debtor's plan to earmark money exclusively to cure the default, and (3) the willingness and ability of the debtor or its proposed assignee to fund cure payments." *In re Am. the Beautiful Dreamer, Inc.*, No. 05-47435, 2006 WL 2038646, at *2 (Bankr. W.D. Wash. May 18, 2006).

Here, at this early stage in the case, there is nothing in the record establishing
Debtor's profitability, and Trustee has shown no willingness to perform Debtor's obligation
under the Lease Agreement, despite the requirement to do so under 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3).
Therefore, the most logical avenue for Debtor to provide adequate assurance to Landlord is
to earmark money exclusively for performance of Debtor's obligations under the Lease
Agreement by depositing sufficient funds in escrow to assure compliance with 11 U.S.C. §
365(d)(3) for up to 120 days post-petition.⁴

14	

19

20

21

22

23

24

III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

Due to Trustee's failure to comply with 11 U.S.C. § 365(d)(3), an order is necessary to compel Trustee's immediate and ongoing performance of Debtor's post-petition obligations under the Lease Agreement, and to provide Landlord with adequate protection and assurances.

DATED: April 27, 2016

LANE POWELL PC

By <u>/s/ James B. Zack</u> Mary Jo Heston, WSBA No. 11065 James B. Zack, WSBA No. 48122 Attorneys for Gatewood-California LLC

⁴ If Trustee does not assume the Lease Agreement within 120 days of the Petition Date, it will be deemed rejected. 11 U.S.C. § 365(b)(4)(A)(i). To the extent Trustee seeks an extension of that deadline under 11 U.S.C. § 365(b)(4)(B), Landlord requests that the Court either deny that request, or condition any extension on

6 further escrow deposits. EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 9 LANE POWELL PC 1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 4200 P.O. BOX 91302

120144.0009/6659270.1

1420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 4200 P.O. BOX 91302 SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107

Case 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 9 of 11

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10 11	
11	
12	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
	EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCELANE POWELL PCWITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 101420 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 4200P.O. BOX 91302SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402
	120144.0009/6659270.1 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107
С	ase 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 10 of 11

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	The undersigned declares as follows:
3	That she is a legal assistant in the law firm of Lane Powell PC, and on April 27, 2016,
4	she caused the attached document to be filed electronically through the CM/ECF system
5	which caused Registered Participants to be served by electronic means, as fully reflected on
6	the Notice of Electronic Filing.
7	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington and
8	the United States that the foregoing is true and correct.
9	Executed on this 27th day of April, 2016, at Seattle, Washington.
10	
11	/s/ <i>Denise A. Campbell</i> Denise A. Campbell, Legal Assistant
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
	EMERGENCY MOTION TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH 11 U.S.C. § 365 - 11 DOB 102 EXAMPLE AVENUE, SUITE 4200 P.O. BOX 91302 SEATTLE, WA 98111-9402
	120144.0009/6659270.1 206.223.7000 FAX: 206.223.7107
С	ase 16-11767-CMA Doc 143 Filed 04/27/16 Ent. 04/27/16 16:56:46 Pg. 11 of 11